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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 8-K**

**CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported):**

May 2, 2018

**DiamondRock Hospitality Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

**Maryland**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction  
of Incorporation)

**001-32514**  
(Commission  
File Number)

**20-1180098**  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**2 Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1400**  
**Bethesda, MD 20814**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

**(240) 744-1150**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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This Current Report on Form 8-K (“Current Report”) contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws and regulations. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as “believe,” “expect,” “intend,” “project,” “anticipate,” “position,” and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future results. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made. These risks include, but are not limited to those risks and uncertainties associated with our business described from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2018. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that the expectations will be attained or that any deviation will not be material. All information in this Current Report is as of the date of this Current Report, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to conform the statement to actual results or changes in our expectations.

**ITEM 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.**

On May 3, 2018, DiamondRock Hospitality Company (the “Company”) issued a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2018. A copy of that press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference herein.

The information furnished pursuant to this Item 2.02, including Exhibit 99.1, shall not be deemed “filed” for any purpose, including for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

**ITEM 5.07. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.**

On May 2, 2018, the Company held its annual meeting of stockholders (the “Annual Meeting”). The results of the voting at the Annual Meeting were as follows:

1. The following directors were elected to the Company’s Board of Directors (constituting the entire Board of Directors) to serve until the 2019 annual meeting of stockholders and until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified:

Name	For	Against	Abstain	Broker Non-Votes
Daniel J. Altobello	179,747,823	5,140,744	53,983	5,106,404
Mark W. Brugger	181,672,224	3,215,632	54,694	5,106,404
Timothy R. Chi	183,165,334	1,723,363	53,853	5,106,404
Maureen L. McAvey	179,795,084	4,662,769	484,697	5,106,404
William W. McCarten	181,575,460	3,312,281	54,809	5,106,404
Gilbert T. Ray	164,546,774	20,341,407	54,369	5,106,404
William J. Shaw	183,148,944	1,739,237	54,369	5,106,404
Bruce D. Wardinski	183,162,203	1,726,493	53,854	5,106,404

2. The Company’s stockholders approved, on a non-binding, advisory basis, the compensation of the Company’s named executive officers.

For	Against	Abstain	Broker Non-Votes
137,042,879	47,679,728	219,943	5,106,404

3. The Company’s stockholders ratified the appointment of KPMG LLP as the Company’s independent auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

For	Against	Abstain
188,641,229	1,401,940	5,785

**ITEM 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.**

A copy of a slide presentation the Company intends to use at investor meetings is attached to this Current Report on Form 8-K (“Current Report”) as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated by reference herein. Additionally, the Company has posted the slide presentation in the investor relations/presentations section of its website at [www.drhc.com](http://www.drhc.com). The information available at the Company's website is not part of this Current Report or any other report filed or furnished by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The information furnished pursuant to this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.2, shall not be deemed “filed” for any purpose, including for the purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

**ITEM 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

*(d) Exhibits.*

The following exhibits are included with this report:

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1	<a href="#">Press Release, dated May 3, 2018</a>
99.2	<a href="#">Investor Presentation - May 2018</a>

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

DIAMONDROCK HOSPITALITY COMPANY

Date: May 4, 2018

By: /s/ William J. Tennis  
William J. Tennis  
Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate  
Secretary



## COMPANY CONTACT

Jay Johnson  
(240) 744-1150

## FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

### DIAMONDROCK HOSPITALITY COMPANY REPORTS FIRST QUARTER 2018 RESULTS

#### *Raises 2018 RevPAR Outlook by 100 Basis Points at Midpoint*

**BETHESDA, Maryland, Thursday, May 3, 2018** – DiamondRock Hospitality Company (the “Company”) (NYSE: DRH), a lodging-focused real estate investment trust that owns a portfolio of 30 premium hotels in the United States, today announced results of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

#### **First Quarter 2018 Highlights**

- **Net Income:** Net income was \$4.3 million and earnings per diluted share was \$0.02.
- **Comparable RevPAR:** RevPAR was \$157.38, a 1.8% increase from the comparable period of 2017.
- **Comparable Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin:** Hotel Adjusted EBITDA margin was 24.42%, a 132 basis point contraction from the comparable period of 2017.
- **Adjusted EBITDA:** Adjusted EBITDA was \$43.4 million, a decrease of \$3.9 million from 2017. The decrease is primarily due to the hurricane-related closures of the Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort and Havana Cabana Key West.
- **Adjusted FFO:** Adjusted FFO was \$33.7 million and Adjusted FFO per diluted share was \$0.17.
- **Hotel Acquisitions:** The Company acquired The Landing Resort & Spa in South Lake Tahoe, California and the Hotel Palomar in Phoenix, Arizona on March 1, 2018.
- **Business Interruption Insurance Income:** The Company recognized \$6.0 million of business interruption income during the quarter related to ongoing insurance claims for Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort, Havana Cabana Key West and the Lodge at Sonoma.
- **Dividends:** The Company declared a dividend of \$0.125 per share during the first quarter, which was paid on April 12, 2018.

Mark W. Brugger, President and Chief Executive Officer of DiamondRock Hospitality Company stated, “Lodging trends in the first quarter modestly exceeded our expectations and we are cautiously optimistic that this will continue for the balance of the year. Accordingly, we are pleased to be able to raise full year 2018 guidance. In the first quarter, DiamondRock remained focused on value-add capital allocation and strategically executed on internal and external growth opportunities. We took advantage of internal opportunities within the portfolio by investing over \$25 million on hotel renovations to drive portfolio growth in net asset value. DiamondRock also grew its portfolio during the quarter with two exciting new acquisitions.”

## Operating Results

Please see “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” attached to this press release for an explanation of the terms “EBITDAre,” “Adjusted EBITDA,” “Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin,” “FFO” and “Adjusted FFO” and a reconciliation of these measures to net income. Comparable operating results include our 2018 and 2017 acquisitions for all periods presented and exclude the Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort (“Frenchman's Reef”) and Havana Cabana Key West for all periods presented due to the closure of these hotels. See “Reconciliation of Comparable Operating Results” attached to this press release for a reconciliation to historical amounts.

For the quarter ended March 31, 2018, the Company reported the following:

	First Quarter		Change
	2018	2017	
<b>Comparable Operating Results</b> <sup>(1)</sup>			
ADR	\$213.14	\$211.28	0.9 %
Occupancy	73.8%	73.2%	0.6 percentage points
RevPAR	\$157.38	\$154.64	1.8 %
Revenues	\$186.9 million	\$184.2 million	1.5 %
Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin	24.42%	25.74%	-132 basis points

### Actual Operating Results <sup>(2)</sup>

Revenues	\$181.5 million	\$196.2 million	-7.5 %
Net income	\$4.3 million	\$8.9 million	-\$4.6 million
Earnings per diluted share	\$0.02	\$0.04	-\$0.02
Adjusted EBITDA	\$43.4 million	\$47.3 million	-\$3.9 million
Adjusted FFO	\$33.7 million	\$36.6 million	-\$2.9 million
Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$0.17	\$0.18	-\$0.01

<sup>(1)</sup> Comparable operating results exclude Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana Key West for all periods presented and include pre-acquisition operating results for The Landing Resort & Spa and Hotel Palomar Phoenix from January 1, 2018 to February 28, 2018 and January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017 and for L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona from January 1, 2017 to February 27, 2017. The pre-acquisition operating results were obtained from the seller of the hotels during the acquisition due diligence process. We have made no adjustments to the amounts provided to us by the seller. The pre-acquisition operating results were not audited or reviewed by the Company's independent auditors.

<sup>(2)</sup> Actual operating results include Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana Key West and the operating results of hotels acquired for the Company's respective ownership periods.

### Update on Impact from Natural Disasters

As previously disclosed, the Company is pursuing insurance claims for the remediation of property damage and business interruption at Frenchman's Reef, Havana Cabana Key West and the Lodge at Sonoma. The Company is insured for up to \$361 million for each covered event, subject to certain deductibles and other conditions. During the first quarter, the Company recognized \$6.0 million of business interruption income for Frenchman's Reef, Havana Cabana Key West and the Lodge at Sonoma. The Company continues to negotiate with its insurers for additional business interruptions proceeds.

**Frenchman's Reef:** The hotel was significantly damaged by last year's hurricanes and is expected to remain closed through 2019. The Company expects to receive insurance proceeds for its business interruption losses, including lost profits, during the closure period. The Company submitted its insurance claim during the first quarter and is working diligently with its insurance carriers and the USVI government to evaluate all alternatives to ensure the best outcome for its shareholders.

**Havana Cabana Key West:** The Company substantially completed a comprehensive renovation and re-positioning of the hotel in connection with the remediation of substantial wind and water-related damage from Hurricane Irma. The hotel reopened as the Havana Cabana Key West in April 2018. The Company expects to receive insurance proceeds for its business interruption losses, including lost profits during the closure period.

### Hotel Acquisitions

On March 1, 2018, the Company acquired the 77-room Landing Resort & Spa in South Lake Tahoe, California for \$42 million, or \$545,000 per key. The Landing is a premier luxury resort with one of the best locations in Lake Tahoe. Also on March 1, 2018, the Company acquired the 242-room Hotel Palomar in Phoenix, Arizona for \$80 million, or \$331,000 per key. The Hotel Palomar is a highly-rated boutique hotel located in the heart of the CityScape mixed-use project in downtown Phoenix.

### Capital Expenditures

The Company invested approximately \$25.8 million in capital improvements at its hotels during the three months ended March 31, 2018. The Company expects to spend approximately \$135 million for capital improvements in 2018. Significant projects that have been substantially completed to date include:

- **Chicago Marriott Downtown:** The Company completed the final phase of the hotel's \$110 million multi-year renovation during the first quarter, which included the remaining 258 of 1,200 guest rooms and the hotel's 60,000 square feet of meeting space.
- **Havana Cabana Key West:** The Company completed a comprehensive renovation of the hotel as part of the remediation of the substantial wind and water-related damage caused by Hurricane Irma. The hotel reopened as the Havana Cabana Key West in April 2018.
- **Bethesda Marriott Suites:** The Company substantially completed a renovation of the guest rooms at the hotel during the first quarter.
- **Westin Boston Waterfront Hotel:** The Company completed a refresh of the hotel's guest rooms during the first quarter.

Other significant projects planned for the remainder of 2018 include:

- **Vail Marriott:** The Company expects to renovate the hotel's guest rooms and meeting space to a luxury level in mid-2018 to help raise the average daily rate and close the rate gap with the hotel's luxury competitive set.
- **Westin Fort Lauderdale Beach Resort:** The Company expects to renovate and upgrade the hotel's 432 guest rooms in 2018 to drive market share.
- **Hotel Rex:** In connection with joining the Viceroy Collection, the Company expects to complete a comprehensive renovation and re-positioning of the hotel in the fourth quarter of 2018. The hotel will close for approximately four months during renovation. The renovation is expected to be completed in time to take advantage of an expected strong 2019 lodging market in San Francisco.
- **JW Marriott Denver:** The Company expects to begin renovating the hotel's guest rooms, public space and meeting rooms in the fourth quarter of 2018, with the majority of the work occurring in 2019. The renovation is expected to secure the hotel's position as the top luxury hotel in the high-end Cherry Creek submarket of Denver.

The Company incurred approximately \$2.0 million in renovation displacement of Hotel Adjusted EBITDA for the first quarter of 2018, primarily attributed to the renovations at the Chicago Marriott Downtown, Bethesda Marriott Suites and Westin Boston Waterfront. The Company anticipates approximately \$4.0 million in additional renovation displacement of Hotel Adjusted EBITDA for the remainder of 2018, which is primarily attributable to the upgrade renovations at the Vail Marriott, Hotel Rex and Westin Fort Lauderdale Beach Resort. The displacement is expected to be approximately \$1.0 million in the second quarter, and \$1.5 million in each of the third and fourth quarters.

## Balance Sheet

As of March 31, 2018, the Company had \$69.1 million of unrestricted cash on hand and approximately \$937.6 million of total debt, which primarily consisted of property-specific mortgage debt and \$300.0 million of unsecured term loans. The Company has no outstanding borrowings on its \$300.0 million senior unsecured credit facility and 22 of its 30 hotels are unencumbered by debt.

## Dividends

The Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.125 per share to stockholders of record as of March 29, 2018. The dividend was paid on April 12, 2018.

## Guidance

The Company is providing annual guidance for 2018, but does not undertake to update it for any developments in its business. Achievement of the anticipated results is subject to the risks disclosed in the Company's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Comparable RevPAR growth excludes Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana Key West and includes the Company's 2017 and 2018 acquisitions for all periods.

Based on increased confidence in lodging fundamentals, the Company is raising its 2018 guidance and expects the full year 2018 results to be as follows:

Metric	Previous Guidance		Revised Guidance		Change at Midpoint
	Low End	High End	Low End	High End	
Comparable RevPAR Growth	0 percent	2 percent	1.5 percent	2.5 percent	+ 100bps
Adjusted EBITDA	\$249 million	\$261 million	\$254 million	\$263 million	+ \$3.5 million
Adjusted FFO	\$199 million	\$209 million	\$205 million	\$212 million	+ \$4.5 million
Adjusted FFO per share (based on 202 million diluted shares)	\$0.99 per share	\$1.03 per share	\$1.01 per share	\$1.05 per share	+ \$0.02 per share

The guidance above incorporates the following assumptions:

- Business interruption insurance proceeds of approximately \$20 million;
- Corporate expenses of \$27 million to \$28 million, excluding severance charges from the Company's CFO transition;
- Interest expense of \$40 million to \$41 million; and
- Income tax expense of \$8 million to \$11 million;

The Company expects approximately 29% to 30% of its full year 2018 Adjusted EBITDA to be earned in the second quarter of 2018, which includes approximately \$4.0 million of business interruption insurance income.

## Selected Quarterly Comparable Operating Information

The following table is presented to provide investors with selected quarterly comparable operating information. The operating information includes the Company's 2018 and 2017 acquisitions and excludes Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana Key West for all periods presented.



	Quarter 1, 2017	Quarter 2, 2017	Quarter 3, 2017	Quarter 4, 2017	Full Year 2017
ADR	\$ 211.28	\$ 237.36	\$ 227.92	\$ 235.86	\$ 228.59
Occupancy	73.2%	84.6%	84.9%	77.5%	80.1%
RevPAR	\$ 154.64	\$ 200.85	\$ 193.51	\$ 182.82	\$ 183.05
Revenues (in thousands)	\$ 184,233	\$ 231,798	\$ 218,565	\$ 214,587	\$ 849,183
Hotel Adjusted EBITDA (in thousands)	\$ 47,424	\$ 81,192	\$ 68,999	\$ 66,897	\$ 264,512
% of full Year	17.9%	30.7%	26.1%	25.3%	100.0%
Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin	25.74%	35.03%	31.57%	31.17%	31.15%
Available Rooms	840,690	850,031	854,820	857,734	3,403,275

### Earnings Call

The Company will host a conference call to discuss its first quarter results on Friday, May 4, 2018, at 9:00 a.m. Eastern Time (ET). To participate in the live call, investors are invited to dial 844-287-6622 (for domestic callers) or 530-379-4559 (for international callers). The participant passcode is 9795246. A live webcast of the call will be available via the investor relations section of DiamondRock Hospitality Company's website at [www.drhc.com](http://www.drhc.com) or [www.earnings.com](http://www.earnings.com). A replay of the webcast will also be archived on the website for one week.

### About the Company

DiamondRock Hospitality Company is a self-advised real estate investment trust (REIT) that is an owner of a leading portfolio of geographically diversified hotels concentrated in top gateway markets and destination resort locations. The Company owns 30 premium quality hotels with over 9,900 rooms. The Company has strategically positioned its hotels to be operated both under leading global brand families such as Hilton and Marriott as well as unique boutique hotels in the lifestyle segment. For further information on the Company and its portfolio, please visit DiamondRock Hospitality Company's website at [www.drhc.com](http://www.drhc.com).

*This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws and regulations. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "believe," "expect," "intend," "project," "forecast," "plan" and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future results. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made, including statements related to the expected duration of closure of Frenchman's Reef and anticipated insurance coverage. These risks include, but are not limited to: national and local economic and business conditions, including the potential for additional terrorist attacks, that will affect occupancy rates at the Company's hotels and the demand for hotel products and services; operating risks associated with the hotel business; risks associated with the level of the Company's indebtedness; relationships with property managers; the ability to compete effectively in areas such as access, location, quality of accommodations and room rate structures; changes in travel patterns, taxes and government regulations which influence or determine wages, prices, construction procedures and costs; and other risk factors contained in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Although the Company believes the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, it can give no assurance that the expectations will be attained or that any deviation will not be material. All information in this release is as of the date of this release, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to conform the statement to actual results or changes in the Company's expectations.*

**DIAMONDROCK HOSPITALITY COMPANY**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

ASSETS	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(unaudited)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 2,810,965	\$ 2,692,286
Restricted cash	38,395	40,204
Due from hotel managers	100,343	86,621
Favorable lease assets, net	46,731	26,690
Prepaid and other assets <sup>(1)</sup>	36,220	71,488
Cash and cash equivalents	69,092	183,569
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 3,101,746</b>	<b>\$ 3,100,858</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Mortgage and other debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs	\$ 639,334	\$ 639,639
Term loans, net of unamortized debt issuance costs	298,268	298,153
Total debt	937,602	937,792
Deferred income related to key money, net	12,036	14,307
Unfavorable contract liabilities, net	75,459	70,734
Deferred ground rent	88,116	86,614
Due to hotel managers	89,738	74,213
Dividends declared and unpaid	25,605	25,708
Accounts payable and accrued expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	55,441	57,845
Total other liabilities	346,395	329,421
<b>Stockholders' Equity:</b>		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized; 200,562,761 and 200,306,733 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	2,006	2,003
Additional paid-in capital	2,066,584	2,061,451
Accumulated deficit	(250,841)	(229,809)
Total stockholders' equity	1,817,749	1,833,645
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 3,101,746</b>	<b>\$ 3,100,858</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$23.9 million and \$55.8 million of insurance receivables, \$0.9 million of deferred tax assets, \$4.8 million and \$8.0 million of prepaid expenses and \$6.6 million and \$6.8 million of other assets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes \$6.0 million of deferred tax liabilities, \$7.1 million and \$11.2 million of accrued hurricane-related costs, \$11.7 million and \$15.3 million of accrued property taxes, \$14.8 million and \$11.7 million of accrued capital expenditures, and \$15.8 million and \$13.6 million of other accrued liabilities as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

**DIAMONDROCK HOSPITALITY COMPANY**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(in thousands, except per share amounts)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Rooms	\$ 128,978	\$ 137,832
Food and beverage	40,792	44,778
Other	11,760	13,600
Total revenues	181,530	196,210
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>		
Rooms	35,600	36,901
Food and beverage	27,454	29,466
Management fees	2,833	6,012
Other hotel expenses	73,463	71,659
Depreciation and amortization	24,902	24,363
Hotel acquisition costs	—	2,251
Corporate expenses	9,786	6,262
Gain on business interruption insurance	(6,027)	—
Total operating expenses, net	168,011	176,914
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>13,519</b>	<b>19,296</b>
Interest and other income, net	(511)	(359)
Interest expense	9,877	9,513
Total other expenses, net	9,366	9,154
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>4,153</b>	<b>10,142</b>
Income tax benefit (expense)	185	(1,255)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 4,338</b>	<b>\$ 8,887</b>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>		
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.04
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.04
<b>Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding:</b>		
Basic	201,145,014	200,654,092
Diluted	201,775,832	201,837,582

## **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

We use the following non-GAAP financial measures that we believe are useful to investors as key measures of our operating performance: EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDA, Hotel EBITDA, Hotel Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and Adjusted FFO. These measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with U.S. GAAP. EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDA, Hotel EBITDA, Hotel Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and Adjusted FFO, as calculated by us, may not be comparable to other companies that do not define such terms exactly as the Company.

### ***Use and Limitations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures***

Our management and Board of Directors use EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDA, Hotel EBITDA, Hotel Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and Adjusted FFO to evaluate the performance of our hotels and to facilitate comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners who are not REITs and other capital intensive companies. The use of these non-GAAP financial measures has certain limitations. These non-GAAP financial measures as presented by us, may not be comparable to non-GAAP financial measures as calculated by other real estate companies. These measures do not reflect certain expenses or expenditures that we incurred and will incur, such as depreciation, interest and capital expenditures. We compensate for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our reconciliations to the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures, and our consolidated statements of operations and cash flows, include interest expense, capital expenditures, and other excluded items, all of which should be considered when evaluating our performance, as well as the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures.

These non-GAAP financial measures are used in addition to and in conjunction with results presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. They should not be considered as alternatives to operating profit, cash flow from operations, or any other operating performance measure prescribed by U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures reflect additional ways of viewing our operations that we believe, when viewed with our U.S. GAAP results and the reconciliations to the corresponding U.S. GAAP financial measures, provide a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business than could be obtained absent this disclosure. We strongly encourage investors to review our financial information in its entirety and not to rely on a single financial measure.

### ***EBITDA, EBITDAre and FFO***

EBITDA represents net income (calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP) excluding: (1) interest expense; (2) provision for income taxes, including income taxes applicable to sale of assets; and (3) depreciation and amortization. The Company computes EBITDAre in accordance with the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("Nareit") guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate." EBITDAre represents net income (calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP) adjusted for: (1) interest expense; (2) provision for income taxes, including income taxes applicable to sale of assets; (3) depreciation and amortization; (4) gains or losses on the disposition of depreciated property including gains or losses on change of control; (5) impairment write-downs of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate; and (6) adjustments to reflect the entity's share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We believe EBITDA and EBITDAre are useful to an investor in evaluating our operating performance because they help investors evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period to period by removing the impact of our capital structure (primarily interest expense) and our asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization, and in the case of EBITDAre, impairment and gains or losses on dispositions of depreciated property) from our operating results. In addition, covenants included in our debt agreements use EBITDA as a measure of financial compliance. We also use EBITDA and EBITDAre as one measure in determining the value of hotel acquisitions and dispositions.

The Company computes FFO in accordance with standards established by the Nareit, which defines FFO as net income determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding gains or losses from sales of properties and impairment losses, plus depreciation and amortization. The Company believes that the presentation of FFO provides useful information to investors regarding its operating performance because it is a measure of the Company's operations without regard to specified non-cash items, such as real estate depreciation and amortization and gains or losses on the sale of assets. The Company also uses FFO as one measure in assessing its operating results.

### ***Hotel EBITDA***

Hotel EBITDA represents net income excluding: (1) interest expense, (2) income taxes, (3) depreciation and amortization, (4) corporate general and administrative expenses (shown as corporate expenses on the consolidated statements of operations), and (5) hotel acquisition costs. We believe that Hotel EBITDA provides our investors a useful financial measure to evaluate our hotel operating

performance, excluding the impact of our capital structure (primarily interest), our asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization), and our corporate-level expenses (corporate expenses and hotel acquisition costs). With respect to Hotel EBITDA, we believe that excluding the effect of corporate-level expenses provides a more complete understanding of the operating results over which individual hotels and third-party management companies have direct control. We believe property-level results provide investors with supplemental information on the ongoing operational performance of our hotels and effectiveness of the third-party management companies operating our business on a property-level basis.

#### **Adjustments to EBITDA, FFO and Hotel EBITDA**

We adjust EBITDA, FFO and Hotel EBITDA when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance and that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted FFO and Hotel Adjusted EBITDA when combined with U.S. GAAP net income, EBITDA, FFO and Hotel EBITDA, is beneficial to an investor's complete understanding of our consolidated and property-level operating performance. Hotel Adjusted EBITDA margins are calculated as Hotel Adjusted EBITDA divided by total hotel revenues.

We adjust EBITDA, FFO and Hotel EBITDA for the following items:

- *Non-Cash Ground Rent*: We exclude the non-cash expense incurred from the straight line recognition of rent from our ground lease obligations and the non-cash amortization of our favorable lease assets. We exclude these non-cash items because they do not reflect the actual rent amounts due to the respective lessors in the current period and they are of lesser significance in evaluating our actual performance for that period.
- *Non-Cash Amortization of Favorable and Unfavorable Contracts*: We exclude the non-cash amortization of the favorable and unfavorable contracts recorded in conjunction with certain acquisitions because the non-cash amortization is based on historical cost accounting and is of lesser significance in evaluating our actual performance for that period.
- *Cumulative Effect of a Change in Accounting Principle*: Infrequently, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) promulgates new accounting standards that require the consolidated statement of operations to reflect the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. We exclude the effect of these adjustments, which include the accounting impact from prior periods, because they do not reflect the Company's actual underlying performance for the current period.
- *Gains or Losses from Early Extinguishment of Debt*: We exclude the effect of gains or losses recorded on the early extinguishment of debt because these gains or losses result from transaction activity related to the Company's capital structure that we believe are not indicative of the ongoing operating performance of the Company or our hotels.
- *Hotel Acquisition Costs*: We exclude hotel acquisition costs expensed during the period because we believe these transaction costs are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company or our hotels.
- *Severance Costs*: We exclude corporate severance costs incurred with the termination of corporate-level employees and severance costs incurred at our hotels related to lease terminations or structured severance programs because we believe these costs do not reflect the ongoing performance of the Company or our hotels.
- *Hotel Manager Transition Items*: We exclude the transition items associated with a change in hotel manager because we believe these items do not reflect the ongoing performance of the Company or our hotels.
- *Other Items*: From time to time we incur costs or realize gains that we consider outside the ordinary course of business and that we do not believe reflect the ongoing performance of the Company or our hotels. Such items may include, but are not limited to, the following: pre-opening costs incurred with newly developed hotels; lease preparation costs incurred to prepare vacant space for marketing; management or franchise contract termination fees; gains or losses from legal settlements; costs incurred related to natural disasters; and gains from insurance proceeds, other than income related to business interruption insurance.

In addition, to derive Adjusted FFO we exclude any fair value adjustments to debt instruments. We exclude these non-cash amounts because they do not reflect the underlying performance of the Company.

**Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures**
**EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA**

The following tables are reconciliations of our GAAP net income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA (in thousands):

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 4,338	\$ 8,887
Interest expense	9,877	9,513
Income tax (benefit) expense	(185)	1,255
Real estate related depreciation	24,902	24,363
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>38,932</b>	<b>44,018</b>
Impairment losses	—	—
Gain on sale of hotel properties	—	—
<b>EBITDAre</b>	<b>38,932</b>	<b>44,018</b>
Non-cash ground rent	1,535	1,550
Non-cash amortization of favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities, net	(478)	(478)
Hotel acquisition costs	—	2,251
Hurricane-related costs <sup>(1)</sup>	(214)	—
Hotel manager transition items <sup>(2)</sup>	(2,183)	—
Severance costs <sup>(3)</sup>	5,847	—
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 43,439</b>	<b>\$ 47,341</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents stabilization, cleanup, and other costs (such as hotel labor) incurred at our hotels impacted by Hurricanes Irma or Maria that have not been or are not expected to be recovered by insurance.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents accelerated amortization of key money received from Marriott for Frenchman's Reef in connection with the termination of the hotel's management agreement.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consists of (a) \$3.0 million related to the departure of our former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, which is classified within corporate expenses on the consolidated statement of operations and (b) \$2.8 million related to payments made to unionized employees under a voluntary buyout program at the Lexington Hotel New York, which are classified within other hotel expenses on the consolidated statement of operations.

	<b>Full Year 2018 Guidance</b>	
	<b>Low End</b>	<b>High End</b>
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 83,683	\$ 91,683
Interest expense	41,000	40,000
Income tax expense	8,000	11,000
Real estate related depreciation	100,000	99,000
<b>EBITDAre</b>	<b>232,683</b>	<b>241,683</b>
Non-cash ground rent	6,400	6,400
Non-cash amortization of favorable and unfavorable contracts, net	(1,900)	(1,900)
Manager transition items	(2,183)	(2,183)
Hurricane-related costs	1,000	1,000
Severance costs	18,000	18,000
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 254,000</b>	<b>\$ 263,000</b>

### Hotel EBITDA and Hotel Adjusted EBITDA

The following table is a reconciliation of our GAAP net income to Hotel EBITDA and Hotel Adjusted EBITDA (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 4,338	\$ 8,887
Interest expense	9,877	9,513
Income tax (benefit) expense	(185)	1,255
Real estate related depreciation	24,902	24,363
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>38,932</b>	<b>44,018</b>
Corporate expenses	9,786	6,262
Interest and other income, net	(511)	(359)
Gain on business interruption insurance	(6,027)	—
Hotel acquisition costs	—	2,251
Hurricane-related costs <sup>(1)</sup>	(214)	—
Severance <sup>(2)</sup>	2,833	—
<b>Hotel EBITDA</b>	<b>44,799</b>	<b>52,172</b>
Non-cash ground rent	1,535	1,550
Non-cash amortization of favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities, net	(478)	(478)
Hotel manager transition items <sup>(3)</sup>	(2,183)	—
<b>Hotel Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 43,673</b>	<b>\$ 53,244</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents stabilization, cleanup, and other costs (such as hotel labor) incurred at our hotels impacted by Hurricanes Irma or Maria that have not been or are not expected to be recovered by insurance.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents payments made to unionized employees under a voluntary buyout program at the Lexington Hotel New York, which are classified within other hotel expenses on the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents accelerated amortization of key money received from Marriott for Frenchman's Reef in connection with the termination of the hotel's management agreement.

### FFO and Adjusted FFO

The following tables are reconciliations of our GAAP net income to FFO and Adjusted FFO (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 4,338	\$ 8,887
Real estate related depreciation	24,902	24,363
<b>FFO</b>	<b>29,240</b>	<b>33,250</b>
Non-cash ground rent	1,535	1,550
Non-cash amortization of favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities, net	(478)	(478)
Hotel acquisition costs	—	2,251
Hurricane-related costs <sup>(1)</sup>	(214)	—
Hotel manager transition items <sup>(2)</sup>	(2,183)	—
Severance costs <sup>(3)</sup>	5,847	—
<b>Adjusted FFO</b>	<b>\$ 33,747</b>	<b>\$ 36,573</b>
<b>Adjusted FFO per diluted share</b>	<b>\$ 0.17</b>	<b>\$ 0.18</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents stabilization, cleanup, and other costs (such as hotel labor) incurred at our hotels impacted by Hurricanes Irma or Maria that have not been or are not expected to be recovered by insurance.

<sup>(2)</sup>Represents accelerated amortization of key money received from Marriott for Frenchman's Reef in connection with the termination of the hotel's management agreement.

<sup>(3)</sup>Consists of (a) \$3.0 million related to the departure of our former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, which is classified within corporate expenses on the consolidated statement of operations and (b) \$2.8 million related to payments made to unionized employees under a voluntary buyout program at the Lexington Hotel New York, which are classified within other hotel expenses on the consolidated statement of operations.

	Full Year 2018 Guidance	
	Low End	High End
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 83,683	\$ 91,683
Real estate related depreciation	100,000	99,000
<b>FFO</b>	183,683	190,683
Non-cash ground rent	6,400	6,400
Non-cash amortization of favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities, net	(1,900)	(1,900)
Manager transition items	(2,183)	(2,183)
Hurricane-related costs	1,000	1,000
Severance costs	18,000	18,000
<b>Adjusted FFO</b>	\$ 205,000	\$ 212,000
<b>Adjusted FFO per diluted share</b>	\$ 1.01	\$ 1.05

#### Reconciliation of Comparable Operating Results

The following presents the revenues, Hotel Adjusted EBITDA and Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin together with comparable prior year results, which includes the pre-acquisition results for our 2018 and 2017 acquisitions and excludes the results for the closed hotels (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
<b>Revenues</b>	\$ 181,530	\$ 196,210
Hotel revenues from prior ownership <sup>(1)</sup>	5,305	12,092
Hotel revenues from closed hotels <sup>(2)</sup>	40	(24,069)
<b>Comparable Revenues</b>	\$ 186,875	\$ 184,233
<b>Hotel Adjusted EBITDA</b>	\$ 43,673	\$ 53,244
Hotel Adjusted EBITDA from prior ownership <sup>(1)</sup>	1,766	3,235
Hotel Adjusted EBITDA from closed hotels <sup>(2)</sup>	198	(9,055)
<b>Comparable Hotel Adjusted EBITDA</b>	\$ 45,637	\$ 47,424
<b>Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin</b>	24.06%	27.14%
<b>Comparable Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin</b>	24.42%	25.74%

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts represent the pre-acquisition operating results of The Landing Resort & Spa and Hotel Palomar for the period from January 1, 2018 to February 28, 2018 and January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017, respectively and the pre-acquisition operating results of the L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for the period from January 1, 2017 to February 27, 2017. The pre-acquisition operating results were obtained from the respective sellers of the hotels during the acquisition due diligence process. We have made no adjustments to the amounts provided to us by the seller. The pre-acquisition operating results were not audited or reviewed by the Company's independent auditors.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts represent the operating results of Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana Key West as they are closed due to hurricane damage.



## Comparable Hotel Operating Expenses

The following table sets forth hotel operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 for each of the hotels that we owned during these periods. Our GAAP hotel operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the line items set forth below (dollars in thousands) under the column titled "As Reported." The amounts reported in this column include amounts that are not comparable period-over-period. In order to reflect the period in 2018 comparable to 2017, the amounts in the column titled "Adjustments for Acquisitions" represent the pre-acquisition operating costs of The Landing Resort & Spa and the Hotel Palomar for the period from January 1, 2018 to February 28, 2018 and January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017, respectively and the L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for the period from January 1, 2017 to February 27, 2017. The amounts in the column titled "Adjustments for Closed Hotels" represent the operating costs for all periods presented of Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort and Havana Cabana Key West as they are closed due to hurricane damage. We provide this important supplemental information to our investors because this information provides a useful means for investors to measure our operating performance on a comparative basis. See the column titled "Comparable."

These non-GAAP financial measures are used in addition to and in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP in this release. They should not be considered as alternatives to operating profit, cash flow from operations, or any other operating performance measure prescribed by GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures reflect additional ways of viewing our operations at our hotels that we believe, when viewed with our GAAP results and the reconciliations to the corresponding GAAP financial measures, provide a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business than could be obtained absent this disclosure. We strongly encourage investors to review our financial information in its entirety and not to rely on a single financial measure. In particular, we note the pre-acquisition operating results set forth in the column titled "Adjustments for Acquisitions" were obtained from the respective sellers of the hotels during the acquisition due diligence process. We have made no adjustments to the amounts provided to us by the respective sellers. The pre-acquisition operating results were not audited or reviewed by our independent auditors.

	As Reported			Adjustments for		Adjustments for		Comparable		
	Three Months Ended March 31,			Closed Hotels		Acquisitions		Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2018	2017	% Change	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	% Change
Rooms departmental expenses	\$ 35,600	\$ 36,901	(3.5)%	\$ —	\$ (2,757)	\$ 788	\$ 2,015	\$ 36,388	\$ 36,159	0.6 %
Food and beverage departmental expenses	27,454	29,466	(6.8)%	—	(4,392)	1,162	2,733	28,616	27,807	2.9 %
Other direct departmental	2,502	2,995	(16.5)%	—	(696)	103	359	2,605	2,658	(2.0)%
General and administrative	17,019	17,995	(5.4)%	—	(2,036)	467	1,335	17,486	17,294	1.1 %
Utilities	5,031	6,060	(17.0)%	—	(1,259)	138	349	5,169	5,150	0.4 %
Repairs and maintenance	7,788	8,684	(10.3)%	—	(1,100)	126	406	7,914	7,990	(1.0)%
Sales and marketing	13,933	13,801	1.0 %	(34)	(1,348)	340	828	14,239	13,281	7.2 %
Franchise fees	5,909	5,031	17.5 %	—	—	—	—	5,909	5,031	17.5 %
Base management fees	1,621	4,545	(64.3)%	2,173	(687)	223	453	4,017	4,311	(6.8)%
Incentive management fees	1,212	1,467	(17.4)%	—	—	—	—	1,212	1,467	(17.4)%
Property taxes	13,655	12,230	11.7 %	(53)	(61)	81	140	13,683	12,309	11.2 %
Ground rent	2,504	2,513	(0.4)%	—	—	—	—	2,504	2,513	(0.4)%
Insurance	1,201	1,688	(28.9)%	(53)	(488)	37	87	1,185	1,287	(7.9)%
Severance costs	2,833	—	100.0 %	—	—	—	—	2,833	—	100.0%
Hurricane-related costs	(214)	—	(100.0)%	214	—	—	—	—	—	— %
Other fixed expenses	1,302	662	96.7 %	(1)	(189)	117	242	1,418	715	98.3 %
<b>Total hotel operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 139,350</b>	<b>\$ 144,038</b>	<b>(3.3)%</b>	<b>\$ 2,246</b>	<b>\$ (15,013)</b>	<b>\$ 3,582</b>	<b>\$ 8,947</b>	<b>\$ 145,178</b>	<b>\$ 137,972</b>	<b>5.2 %</b>
Hurricane-related costs	214	—	100.0 %	(214)	—	—	—	—	—	— %
Severance costs	(2,833)	—	(100.0)%	—	—	—	—	(2,833)	—	(100.0)%
Manager transition items	2,183	—	100.0 %	(2,183)	—	—	—	—	—	— %
Non-cash ground rent	(1,535)	(1,550)	(1.0)%	—	—	(50)	(91)	(1,585)	(1,641)	(3.4)%
Non-cash amortization of favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities, net	478	478	— %	—	—	—	—	478	478	— %
<b>Total adjusted hotel operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 137,857</b>	<b>\$ 142,966</b>	<b>(3.6)%</b>	<b>\$ (151)</b>	<b>\$ (15,013)</b>	<b>\$ 3,532</b>	<b>\$ 8,856</b>	<b>\$ 141,238</b>	<b>\$ 136,809</b>	<b>3.2 %</b>

**Market Capitalization as of March 31, 2018**  
(in thousands)

**Enterprise Value**

Common equity capitalization (at March 31, 2018 closing price of \$10.44/share)	\$ 2,110,142
Consolidated debt (face amount)	943,934
Cash and cash equivalents	(69,092)
Total enterprise value	<u>\$ 2,984,984</u>

**Share Reconciliation**

Common shares outstanding	200,563
Unvested restricted stock held by management and employees	666
Share grants under deferred compensation plan	892
Combined shares outstanding	<u>202,121</u>

**Debt Summary as of March 31, 2018**  
(dollars in thousands)

Property	Interest Rate	Term	Outstanding Principal	Maturity
Marriott Salt Lake City Downtown	4.25%	Fixed	56,295	November 2020
Westin Washington D.C. City Center	3.99%	Fixed	64,307	January 2023
The Lodge at Sonoma, a Renaissance Resort & Spa	3.96%	Fixed	28,115	April 2023
Westin San Diego	3.94%	Fixed	64,487	April 2023
Courtyard Manhattan / Midtown East	4.40%	Fixed	83,698	August 2024
Renaissance Worthington	3.66%	Fixed	83,717	May 2025
JW Marriott Denver at Cherry Creek	4.33%	Fixed	63,237	July 2025
Westin Boston Waterfront Hotel	4.36%	Fixed	197,135	November 2025
New Market Tax Credit loan <sup>(1)</sup>	5.17%	Fixed	2,943	December 2020
Debt issuance costs, net			(4,600)	
Total mortgage and other debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs			<u>\$ 639,334</u>	
Unsecured term loan	LIBOR + 1.45 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	100,000	May 2021
Unsecured term loan	LIBOR + 1.45 <sup>(2)</sup>	Variable	200,000	April 2022
Debt issuance costs, net			(1,732)	
Unsecured term loans, net of unamortized debt issuance costs			<u>\$ 298,268</u>	
Senior unsecured credit facility	LIBOR + 1.50	Variable	\$ —	May 2020 <sup>(3)</sup>
Total debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs			<u>\$ 937,602</u>	
Weighted-average interest rate of fixed rate debt	<u>4.23%</u>			
Total weighted-average interest rate	<u>3.89%</u>			

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumed in connection with the acquisition of the Hotel Palomar Phoenix in March 2018.

<sup>(2)</sup> The interest rate as of March 31, 2018 was 3.11%.

<sup>(3)</sup> May be extended for an additional year upon the payment of applicable fees and the satisfaction of certain customary conditions.

**Operating Statistics – First Quarter**

	ADR			Occupancy			RevPAR			Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Margin		
	1Q 2018	1Q 2017	B/(W)	1Q 2018	1Q 2017	B/(W)	1Q 2018	1Q 2017	B/(W)	1Q 2018	1Q 2017	B/(W)
Atlanta Alpharetta Marriott	\$ 187.52	\$ 179.49	4.5 %	65.0%	70.2%	(5.2)%	\$ 121.95	\$ 125.98	(3.2)%	35.96 %	33.33 %	263 bps
Bethesda Marriott Suites	\$ 174.77	\$ 170.50	2.5 %	52.7%	70.1%	(17.4)%	\$ 92.16	\$ 119.47	(22.9)%	14.24 %	26.00 %	-1176 bps
Boston Westin	\$ 205.91	\$ 207.73	(0.9)%	64.5%	67.6%	(3.1)%	\$ 132.86	\$ 140.34	(5.3)%	14.40 %	20.42 %	-602 bps
Hilton Boston Downtown	\$ 200.74	\$ 202.90	(1.1)%	79.2%	72.7%	6.5 %	\$ 158.97	\$ 147.60	7.7 %	18.13 %	17.50 %	63 bps
Hilton Burlington	\$ 131.22	\$ 122.29	7.3 %	72.3%	67.3%	5.0 %	\$ 94.89	\$ 82.32	15.3 %	19.61 %	14.23 %	538 bps
Renaissance Charleston	\$ 237.08	\$ 240.22	(1.3)%	82.4%	57.3%	25.1 %	\$ 195.26	\$ 137.59	41.9 %	36.22 %	18.90 %	1732 bps
Chicago Marriott	\$ 163.12	\$ 164.76	(1.0)%	49.7%	49.5%	0.2 %	\$ 81.05	\$ 81.51	(0.6)%	(14.51)%	(3.16)%	-1135 bps
Chicago Gwen	\$ 185.02	\$ 161.61	14.5 %	72.0%	45.2%	26.8 %	\$ 133.23	\$ 73.10	82.3 %	(4.17)%	(23.13)%	1896 bps
Courtyard Denver Downtown	\$ 175.23	\$ 187.94	(6.8)%	80.1%	71.5%	8.6 %	\$ 140.32	\$ 134.32	4.5 %	39.70 %	40.92 %	-122 bps
Courtyard Fifth Avenue	\$ 213.08	\$ 198.63	7.3 %	82.9%	83.3%	(0.4)%	\$ 176.60	\$ 165.38	6.8 %	(3.36)%	(7.67)%	431 bps
Courtyard Midtown East	\$ 192.23	\$ 196.41	(2.1)%	87.5%	81.9%	5.6 %	\$ 168.21	\$ 160.86	4.6 %	3.88 %	7.12 %	-324 bps
Fort Lauderdale Westin	\$ 255.63	\$ 237.77	7.5 %	94.6%	96.0%	(1.4)%	\$ 241.92	\$ 228.24	6.0 %	42.73 %	45.44 %	-271 bps
JW Marriott Denver Cherry Creek	\$ 237.06	\$ 243.00	(2.4)%	74.3%	74.4%	(0.1)%	\$ 176.15	\$ 180.69	(2.5)%	26.89 %	28.05 %	-116 bps
Sheraton Suites Key West	\$ 300.06	\$ 297.84	0.7 %	92.3%	93.4%	(1.1)%	\$ 277.07	\$ 278.06	(0.4)%	53.10 %	52.08 %	102 bps
The Landing Resort & Spa <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 265.59	\$ 272.24	(2.4)%	48.2%	52.9%	(4.7)%	\$ 128.06	\$ 143.93	(11.0)%	(7.18)%	16.85 %	-2403 bps
Lexington Hotel New York	\$ 187.93	\$ 177.62	5.8 %	82.3%	87.2%	(4.9)%	\$ 154.75	\$ 154.92	(0.1)%	(8.02)%	(14.97)%	695 bps
Hotel Palomar Phoenix <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 257.82	\$ 265.34	(2.8)%	87.3%	86.9%	0.4 %	\$ 225.00	\$ 230.57	(2.4)%	46.32 %	45.14 %	118 bps
Hotel Rex	\$ 203.51	\$ 249.07	(18.3)%	77.8%	76.2%	1.6 %	\$ 158.35	\$ 189.72	(16.5)%	31.05 %	34.72 %	-367 bps
Salt Lake City Marriott	\$ 179.72	\$ 170.62	5.3 %	72.0%	76.8%	(4.8)%	\$ 129.46	\$ 130.97	(1.2)%	39.15 %	43.34 %	-419 bps
L'Auberge de Sedona	\$ 587.28	\$ 493.33	19.0 %	75.9%	74.5%	1.4 %	\$ 445.87	\$ 367.69	21.3 %	20.86 %	17.72 %	314 bps
Orchards Inn Sedona	\$ 259.53	\$ 212.53	22.1 %	73.9%	75.1%	(1.2)%	\$ 191.76	\$ 159.54	20.2 %	37.00 %	29.86 %	714 bps
Shorebreak	\$ 240.42	\$ 219.08	9.7 %	72.6%	62.2%	10.4 %	\$ 174.54	\$ 136.21	28.1 %	24.68 %	16.47 %	821 bps
The Lodge at Sonoma	\$ 237.70	\$ 236.41	0.5 %	59.6%	41.8%	17.8 %	\$ 141.56	\$ 98.91	43.1 %	12.77 %	(9.98)%	2275 bps
Hilton Garden Inn Times Square Central	\$ 182.20	\$ 174.40	4.5 %	96.7%	95.2%	1.5 %	\$ 176.20	\$ 166.10	6.1 %	12.99 %	8.72 %	427 bps
Vail Marriott	\$ 420.70	\$ 422.64	(0.5)%	85.2%	91.7%	(6.5)%	\$ 358.61	\$ 387.75	(7.5)%	52.75 %	52.91 %	-16 bps
Westin San Diego	\$ 186.41	\$ 197.49	(5.6)%	80.8%	84.6%	(3.8)%	\$ 150.54	\$ 167.12	(9.9)%	37.77 %	41.58 %	-381 bps
Westin Washington D.C. City Center	\$ 193.28	\$ 230.68	(16.2)%	84.8%	82.9%	1.9 %	\$ 163.99	\$ 191.33	(14.3)%	28.25 %	39.29 %	-1104 bps
Renaissance Worthington	\$ 194.67	\$ 184.65	5.4 %	76.9%	77.4%	(0.5)%	\$ 149.70	\$ 142.97	4.7 %	40.24 %	39.95 %	29 bps
<b>Total <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 212.45</b>	<b>\$ 219.15</b>	<b>(3.1)%</b>	<b>73.9%</b>	<b>74.1%</b>	<b>(0.2)%</b>	<b>\$ 156.93</b>	<b>\$ 162.43</b>	<b>(3.4)%</b>	<b>24.06 %</b>	<b>27.01 %</b>	<b>-295 bps</b>
<b>Comparable Total <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 213.14</b>	<b>\$ 211.28</b>	<b>0.9 %</b>	<b>73.8%</b>	<b>73.2%</b>	<b>0.6 %</b>	<b>\$ 157.38</b>	<b>\$ 154.64</b>	<b>1.8 %</b>	<b>24.42 %</b>	<b>25.74 %</b>	<b>-132 bps</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Hotels were acquired on March 1, 2018. Amounts reflect the operating results for these hotels for the period from March 1, 2018 to March 31, 2018 and March 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts include the pre-acquisition operating results of The Landing Resort & Spa and Hotel Palomar Phoenix for the period from March 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017 and L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for the period from January 1, 2017 to February 27, 2017.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts exclude the operating results of Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort and Havana Cabana Key West, which are closed due to hurricane damage and include the pre-acquisition operating results of The Landing Resort & Spa and Hotel Palomar Phoenix for the period from January 1, 2018 to February 28, 2018 and January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017, respectively and L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for the period from January 1, 2017 to February 27, 2017.

**Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation**

First Quarter 2018

			Plus:			Plus:			Plus:	Equals:
	Total Revenues	Net Income / (Loss)	Depreciation	Interest Expense	Adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>	Hotel Adjusted EBITDA				
Atlanta Alpharetta Marriott	\$ 4,867	\$ 1,279	\$ 471	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,750				
Bethesda Marriott Suites	\$ 3,097	\$ (1,451)	\$ 379	\$ —	\$ 1,513	\$ 441				
Boston Westin	\$ 17,470	\$ (1,980)	\$ 2,354	\$ 2,202	\$ (60)	\$ 2,516				
Hilton Boston Downtown	\$ 6,521	\$ (55)	\$ 1,237	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,182				
Hilton Burlington	\$ 2,769	\$ 33	\$ 510	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 543				
Renaissance Charleston	\$ 3,426	\$ 875	\$ 398	\$ —	\$ (32)	\$ 1,241				
Chicago Marriott	\$ 12,889	\$ (5,466)	\$ 3,932	\$ 61	\$ (397)	\$ (1,870)				
Chicago Gwen	\$ 5,063	\$ (1,315)	\$ 1,104	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (211)				
Courtyard Denver Downtown	\$ 2,456	\$ 661	\$ 314	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 975				
Courtyard Fifth Avenue	\$ 3,066	\$ (545)	\$ 447	\$ —	\$ (5)	\$ (103)				
Courtyard Midtown East	\$ 5,046	\$ (1,464)	\$ 686	\$ 974	\$ —	\$ 196				
Fort Lauderdale Westin	\$ 15,914	\$ 5,450	\$ 1,350	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,800				
Frenchman's Reef	\$ (40)	\$ (99)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (99)				
JW Marriott Denver Cherry Creek	\$ 4,880	\$ 101	\$ 517	\$ 694	\$ —	\$ 1,312				
Havana Cabana Key West	\$ —	\$ (99)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (99)				
Sheraton Suites Key West	\$ 5,475	\$ 2,481	\$ 426	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,907				
The Landing Resort & Spa	\$ 585	\$ (163)	\$ 121	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (42)				
Lexington Hotel New York	\$ 11,498	\$ (4,338)	\$ 3,404	\$ 4	\$ 8	\$ (922)				
Hotel Palomar Phoenix	\$ 2,731	\$ 1,043	\$ 222	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,265				
Hotel Rex	\$ 1,662	\$ 377	\$ 139	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 516				
Salt Lake City Marriott	\$ 8,565	\$ 2,115	\$ 616	\$ 622	\$ —	\$ 3,353				
L'Auberge de Sedona	\$ 5,811	\$ 725	\$ 487	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,212				
Orchards Inn Sedona	\$ 2,143	\$ 516	\$ 235	\$ —	\$ 42	\$ 793				
Shorebreak	\$ 3,744	\$ 559	\$ 380	\$ —	\$ (15)	\$ 924				
The Lodge at Sonoma	\$ 4,512	\$ (201)	\$ 492	\$ 285	\$ —	\$ 576				
Hilton Garden Inn Times Square Central	\$ 4,619	\$ (218)	\$ 818	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 600				
Vail Marriott	\$ 14,928	\$ 7,344	\$ 530	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7,874				
Westin San Diego	\$ 9,206	\$ 1,736	\$ 1,097	\$ 644	\$ —	\$ 3,477				
Westin Washington D.C. City Center	\$ 7,470	\$ 112	\$ 1,316	\$ 682	\$ —	\$ 2,110				
Renaissance Worthington	\$ 11,157	\$ 2,779	\$ 919	\$ 790	\$ 2	\$ 4,490				
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 181,530</b>	<b>\$ 10,792</b>	<b>\$ 24,901</b>	<b>\$ 6,958</b>	<b>\$ 1,056</b>	<b>\$ 43,673</b>				
Add: Prior Ownership Results <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 5,305	\$ 1,101	\$ 577	\$ 38	\$ 50	\$ 1,766				
Less: Closed Hotels <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 40	\$ 198	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 198				
<b>Comparable Total</b>	<b>\$ 186,875</b>	<b>\$ 12,091</b>	<b>\$ 25,478</b>	<b>\$ 6,996</b>	<b>\$ 1,106</b>	<b>\$ 45,637</b>				

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes non-cash expenses incurred by the hotels due to the straight lining of the rent from ground lease obligations, the non-cash amortization favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities and hotel manager transition costs.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts represent the pre-acquisition operating results of The Landing Resort & Spa and Hotel Palomar Phoenix for the period from January 1, 2018 to February 28, 2018.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts represent the operating results of Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort and Havana Cabana Key West, which are closed due to hurricane damage.

## Hotel Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

First Quarter 2017

			Plus:		Plus:		Plus:		Equals:	
	Total Revenues	Net Income / (Loss)	Depreciation	Interest Expense	Adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>			Hotel Adjusted EBITDA		
Atlanta Alpharetta Marriott	\$ 5,014	\$ 1,287	\$ 384	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 1,671		
Bethesda Marriott Suites	\$ 3,931	\$ (848)	\$ 347	\$ —	\$ 1,523			\$ 1,022		
Boston Westin	\$ 18,300	\$ (607)	\$ 2,181	\$ 2,231	\$ (69)			\$ 3,736		
Hilton Boston Downtown	\$ 6,137	\$ (162)	\$ 1,236	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 1,074		
Hilton Burlington	\$ 2,523	\$ (157)	\$ 516	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 359		
Renaissance Charleston	\$ 2,344	\$ 145	\$ 330	\$ —	\$ (32)			\$ 443		
Chicago Marriott	\$ 15,721	\$ (3,613)	\$ 3,478	\$ 35	\$ (397)			\$ (497)		
Chicago Gwen	\$ 2,542	\$ (1,443)	\$ 855	\$ —	\$ —			\$ (588)		
Courtyard Denver Downtown	\$ 2,314	\$ 664	\$ 283	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 947		
Courtyard Fifth Avenue	\$ 2,895	\$ (723)	\$ 449	\$ —	\$ 52			\$ (222)		
Courtyard Midtown East	\$ 4,891	\$ (1,303)	\$ 662	\$ 989	\$ —			\$ 348		
Fort Lauderdale Westin	\$ 14,728	\$ 5,424	\$ 1,269	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 6,693		
Frenchman's Reef	\$ 21,856	\$ 6,160	\$ 1,658	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 7,818		
JW Marriott Denver Cherry Creek	\$ 5,152	\$ 231	\$ 508	\$ 706	\$ —			\$ 1,445		
Havana Cabana Key West	\$ 2,213	\$ 1,044	\$ 193	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 1,237		
Sheraton Suites Key West	\$ 5,495	\$ 2,575	\$ 287	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 2,862		
Lexington Hotel New York	\$ 10,801	\$ (6,567)	\$ 3,475	\$ 1,467	\$ 8			\$ (1,617)		
Hotel Rex	\$ 1,875	\$ 508	\$ 143	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 651		
Salt Lake City Marriott	\$ 9,230	\$ 2,843	\$ 518	\$ 639	\$ —			\$ 4,000		
L'Auberge de Sedona	\$ 2,372	\$ 595	\$ 184	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 779		
Orchards Inn Sedona	\$ 967	\$ 322	\$ 77	\$ —	\$ 14			\$ 413		
Shorebreak	\$ 2,532	\$ 32	\$ 400	\$ —	\$ (15)			\$ 417		
The Lodge at Sonoma	\$ 3,045	\$ (985)	\$ 390	\$ 291	\$ —			\$ (304)		
Hilton Garden Inn Times Square Central	\$ 4,337	\$ (413)	\$ 791	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 378		
Vail Marriott	\$ 16,255	\$ 8,097	\$ 503	\$ —	\$ —			\$ 8,600		
Westin San Diego	\$ 9,438	\$ 2,158	\$ 1,108	\$ 658	\$ —			\$ 3,924		
Westin Washington D.C. City Center	\$ 8,420	\$ 1,323	\$ 1,283	\$ 702	\$ —			\$ 3,308		
Renaissance Worthington	\$ 10,882	\$ 2,691	\$ 855	\$ 799	\$ 2			\$ 4,347		
<b>Total</b>	\$ 196,210	\$ 19,278	\$ 24,363	\$ 8,517	\$ 1,086			\$ 53,244		
Add: Prior Ownership Results <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 12,092	\$ 1,732	\$ 1,388	\$ 38	\$ 77			\$ 3,235		
Less: Closed Hotels <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ (24,069)	\$ (7,204)	\$ (1,851)	\$ —	\$ —			\$ (9,055)		
<b>Comparable Total</b>	\$ 184,233	\$ 13,806	\$ 23,900	\$ 8,555	\$ 1,163			\$ 47,424		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes non-cash expenses incurred by the hotels due to the straight lining of the rent from ground lease obligations, the non-cash amortization favorable and unfavorable contract liabilities and hotel manager transition costs.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts represent the pre-acquisition operating results of The Landing Resort & Spa and Hotel Palomar Phoenix for the period from January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017 and L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for the period from January 1, 2017 to February 27, 2017.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts represent the operating results of Frenchman's Reef and Morning Star Marriott Beach Resort and Havana Cabana Key West, which are closed due to hurricane damage.



**INVESTOR PRESENTATION**  
May 2018



# DiamondRock at a Glance

## KEY STATISTICS

Hotels (Rooms)	30 (9.9K)
Enterprise Value	\$3.0B
Market Cap	\$2.2B
Enterprise Value / Key	~\$300K
Dividend Yield	4.5%
YE18 Net Debt/EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	3.4x

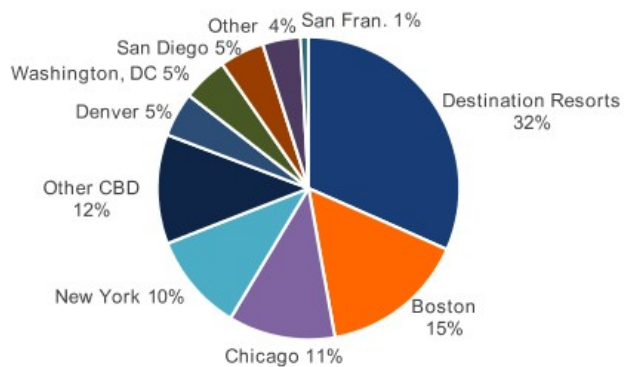
Market data as of 5/2/18.

## RAISED 2018 GUIDANCE

- Raised 2018 Full-Year Guidance:
  - Comparable RevPAR Growth of 1.5% to 2.5%
  - Adj. EBITDA of \$254M - \$263M
  - Adj. FFO per share of \$1.01 - \$1.05

Note: RevPAR excludes Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana for all periods. Guidance pro forma for acquisition of the Landing Resort & Spa and Palomar Phoenix.

## URBAN AND RESORT HOTELS IN TOP MARKETS<sup>(2)</sup>



(1) Based on PF 2018 EBITDA at guidance midpoint and current pro form net debt.  
 (2) Based on 2017 EBITDA. Pro forma for acquisitions of the Landing Tahoe, Phoenix Palomar, L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for full-year. Includes Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana budget pre-hurricane.

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## RECENT ACQUISITIONS ADDING VALUE



The Landing Lake Tahoe



Hotel Palomar Phoenix



L'Auberge De Sedona



Orchards Inn Sedona





# Why DiamondRock?

1

## Top Tier Quality Portfolio & Growth

- Top tier quality portfolio as measured by ADR
- Top tier growth with 2017 RevPAR growth of 2.5% (top two of peer set)

2

## Compelling Valuation

- 12.1x 2018 Consensus EBITDA multiple → 1.0x discount to 13.1x peer average
- \$300K EV per key → ~30% discount to replacement cost
- Trading at large discount to Company's NAV estimate

3

## Internal Growth Opportunities

- Frenchman's Reef hurricane impact creates opportunities
- Chicago Gwen Repositioning: >\$3M EBITDA upside
- Hotel Rex San Francisco 2018 repositioning to Viceroy: \$1.2M EBITDA upside
- Completed Sonoma, Charleston, Worthington, and Shorebreak renovations to continue to drive growth from \$37M in repositionings
- Havana Cabana Key West opened April 2018: ~\$1M in EBITDA upside
- Vail Marriott Resort upgrade renovation to close luxury rate gap with potential ~\$5M in stabilized EBITDA upside

4

## External Growth Driving Value

- The Landing Resort & Spa in Lake Tahoe, CA for \$42M
- The Hotel Palomar Phoenix for \$80M
- L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn grew combined RevPAR >19% in 2017 and exceeded underwriting by \$1.2M in EBITDA with \$2.1M YoY EBITDA growth

5

## Portfolio Well-Positioned for 2018

- Increased 2018 full-year RevPAR and EBITDA guidance
- Renovations paying off: several strategic renovations and repositionings throughout portfolio from '17-'18 to continue to drive growth and long-term value
- Resort concentration: resort markets to continue to outperform (450bps of outperformance in 2017)



The Gwen, A Luxury Collection Hotel



Vail Marriott Mountain Resort



# High Quality Portfolio in Key Gateway Markets

Approximately 2/3 of DRH's portfolio EBITDA is concentrated in top, gateway markets.



Hotel Rex S.F.



Hotel Palomar Phoenix



Westin San Diego



JW Marriott Denver



Courtyard Denver



Lexington Hotel NYC



Courtyard Midtown NYC



Courtyard 5th Ave. NYC



HGI Times Square



Westin DC



Hilton Boston



Boston Westin



Chicago Marriott



The Gwen Chicago



North Atlanta Marriott -  
Alpharetta



Fort Worth Renaissance -  
Worthington



Salt Lake City  
Marriott



# Strong Resort Market Presence

DRH's Resort Portfolio represents 1/3 of its pro forma EBITDA concentration.



L'Auberge De Sedona, AZ



Orchards Inn Sedona, AZ



Shorebreak California, CA



The Lodge at Sonoma, CA



The Landing Lake Tahoe, CA



Vail Marriott Resort, CO



Havana Cabana Key West, FL



Key West Suites, FL



Westin Ft. Lauderdale Beach Resort, FL



Frenchman's Reef, USVI



Charleston Renaissance, SC

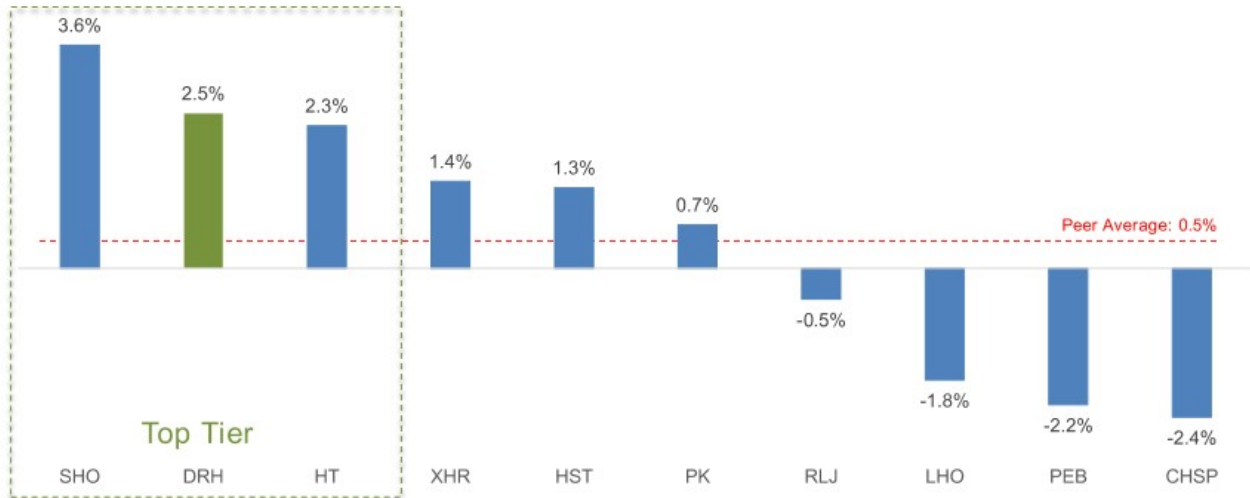


Hilton Burlington, VT



# Top-Tier Performance

## 2017 RevPAR Growth Among Best in Peer Group



- DRH comparable 2017 RevPAR growth of 2.5% among best in peer group
  - Portfolio gained 2.6 percentage points of market share during the year
  - EBITDA margins approximately flat excluding property taxes
- Fourth quarter comparable RevPAR growth of 3.8%
  - Business transient up 11.2% and group up 6.8%
  - Resorts up 8.4% in the fourth quarter

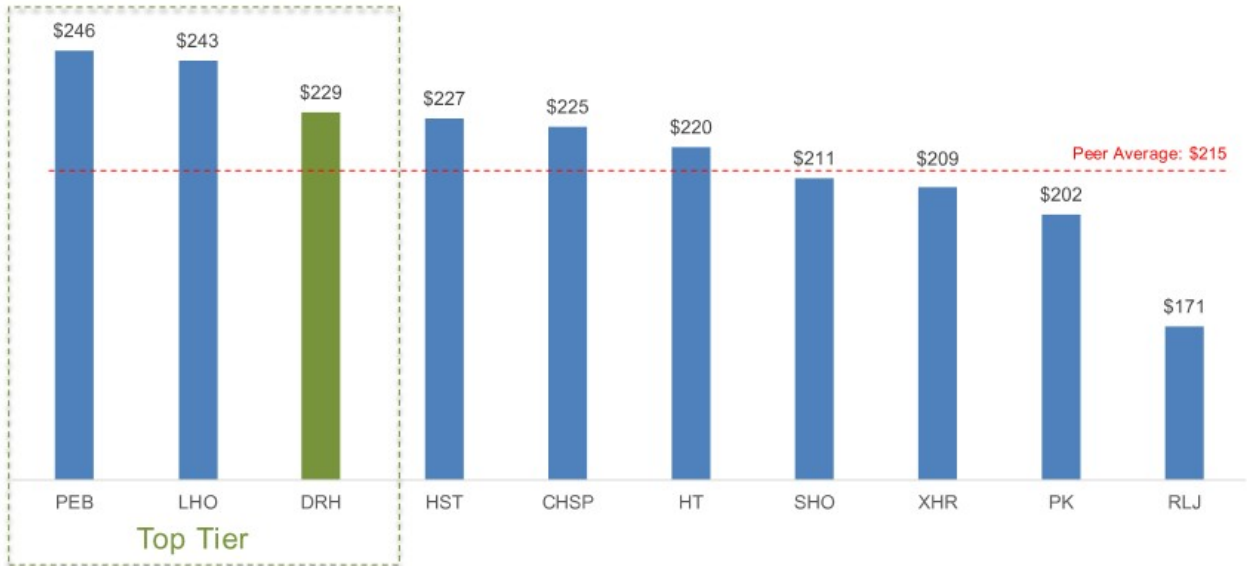
Source: Company Filings as of Q4 2017.

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# Top-Tier Portfolio Quality

## 2017 Portfolio Average Daily Rate

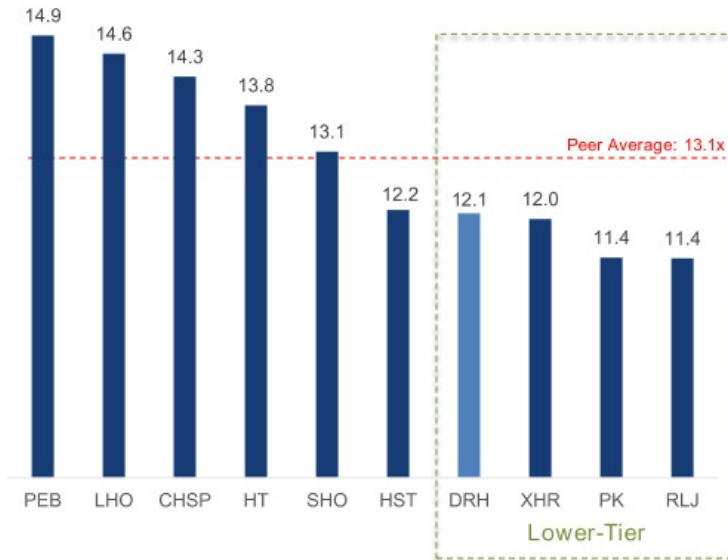


Source: Company Filings as of Q4 2017.  
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# Compelling Valuation

## 2018 Consensus EBITDA Multiple

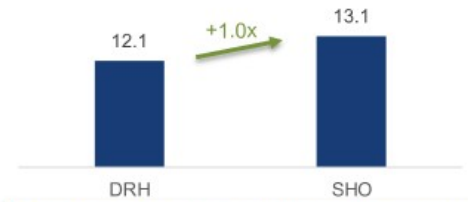


- DRH currently trading at 1.0x discount to peer group

Source: Baird, FactSet. Data as of 5/2/18.

Valuation at PEB's offer for LHO would translate into ~\$15.64 per share or ~40% premium to current price.

## Trading at 1.0x Discount to SHO...



Valuation at SHO's multiple would translate into ~\$12.26 share price or >10% premium to current price.

## ...Despite Relative Strength in Portfolio

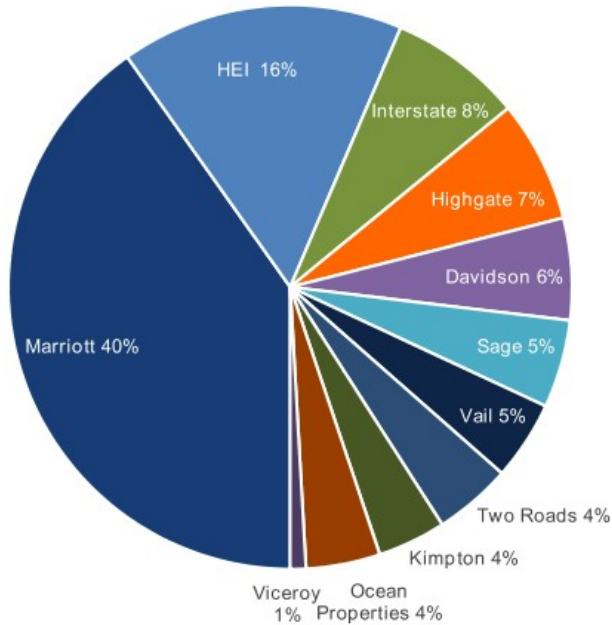
	DRH	SHO	Diff.
<b>2017 ADR</b>	\$229.06	\$211.30	\$17.76
<b>2017 RevPAR</b>	\$183.99	\$175.17	\$8.82
<b>2017 Hotel EBITDA Margins</b>	31.2%	30.9%	27bps
<b>Midpoint of 2018 RevPAR Guidance</b>	2.0%	1.0% <sup>(1)</sup>	100bps

(1) As of Q4 2017 earnings call.



# Diverse Operator Base Drives Best Practices

More than half of portfolio is subject to short-term or terminable management agreements.



## Recent Operator Changes Driving Value

- Two Roads Hospitality brought in as new operator for L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn in December 2017
- Viceroy Hotels brought in as new operator for Hotel Rex in October 2017
- Courtyard Midtown East converted to franchise and Marriott replaced with HEI Hotels as operator in August 2017
- DRH recently exercised its right to terminate Marriott at Frenchman's Reef and unencumber hotel

(1) Based on 2017 EBITDA for all properties. Pro forma for acquisition of The Landing Tahoe, Palomar Phoenix, L'Auberge de Sedona and Orchards Inn Sedona for the full-year. Excludes Frenchman's Reef.  
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# Recent Acquisitions Driving Value







# The Landing Resort & Spa (Lake Tahoe, CA)

## \$42M Acquisition of Luxury Hotel in Premier Resort Market

- Numerous awards including 2018 TripAdvisor Traveler's Choice Award as a Top 25 Hotel in the US and 2016 Conde Nast Readers' Choice #1 Northern California resort
- Beachfront location and walking distance to Heavenly Ski Resort (Vail Resorts) and both Harrah's and Hard Rock casino resorts
- Attractive Deal Metrics:
  - 13.5x multiple on 2017 EBITDA
  - 10.4x stabilized EBITDA multiple
- Nearby casinos and nightlife includes Hard Rock and Harrah's
- South Lake Tahoe RevPAR grew at 9.2% CAGR from '13 -'17
- Proximity to Northern California, San Francisco, Silicon Valley and Reno



## EBITDA Upside Opportunities





# Hotel Palomar (Phoenix, AZ)

## \$80M Acquisition of Boutique, Lifestyle Hotel in High-Growth Market

- Attractive Deal Metrics:
  - 12.6x EBITDA multiple for first year of ownership
  - 10.8x EBITDA multiple by 2022
- Terminable management contract in 2020
- TripAdvisor ranked #2 of 174 Phoenix hotels
- Centerpiece of the 1.2M SF CityScape mixed-use development in downtown Phoenix; City Scape phase II to be completed in 2019
  - 23.4M SF of office space in Downtown Phoenix
- Centrally located in Downtown Phoenix: walking distance to Phoenix Convention Center, Talking Stick Resort Arena, and Chase Field
- Since 2012, the Phoenix market achieved an 8.5% RevPAR CAGR, outperforming US average by 270bps



## Clear Path to Stabilized EBITDA





# DRH Resort Portfolio Overview





# DRH's Differentiated Resort Portfolio

## Resort Portfolio Overview

Hotels	12
Rooms	2,536
2017 RevPAR	\$193
2017 EBITDA	\$90 Million
EBITDA Multiple on Investment	9.2

1 Low-to-zero supply in majority of resort markets

2 Diversified demand drivers

3 Shift to experience-based travel driving long-term market demand

4 Low seasonality in consolidated resort portfolio (beach, skiing and other seasonal drivers)

5 Non-union markets

6 Multiple asset management and ROI initiatives



L'Auberge De Sedona



Orchards Inn Sedona



Shorebreak Hotel



Sonoma Renaissance



The Landing Lake Tahoe



Vail Marriott



Westin Ft. Lauderdale Beach



Havana Cabana Key West



Key West Suites



Frenchman's Reef



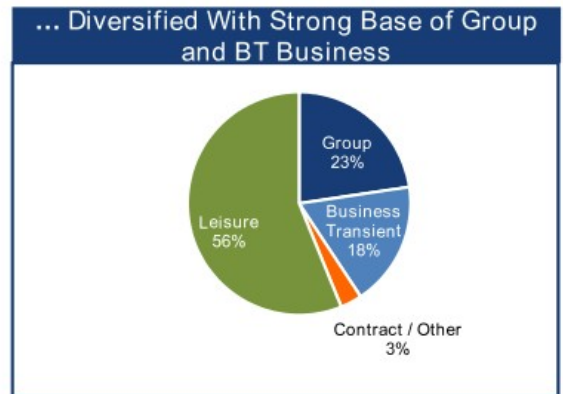
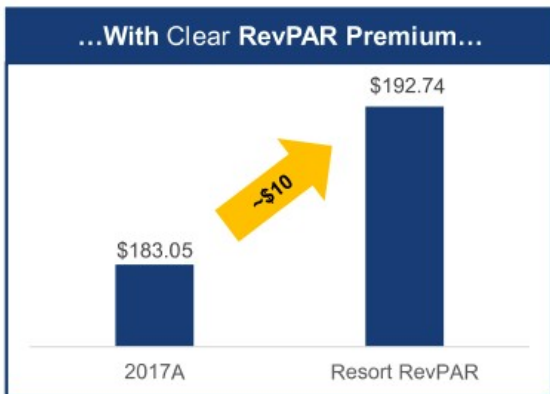
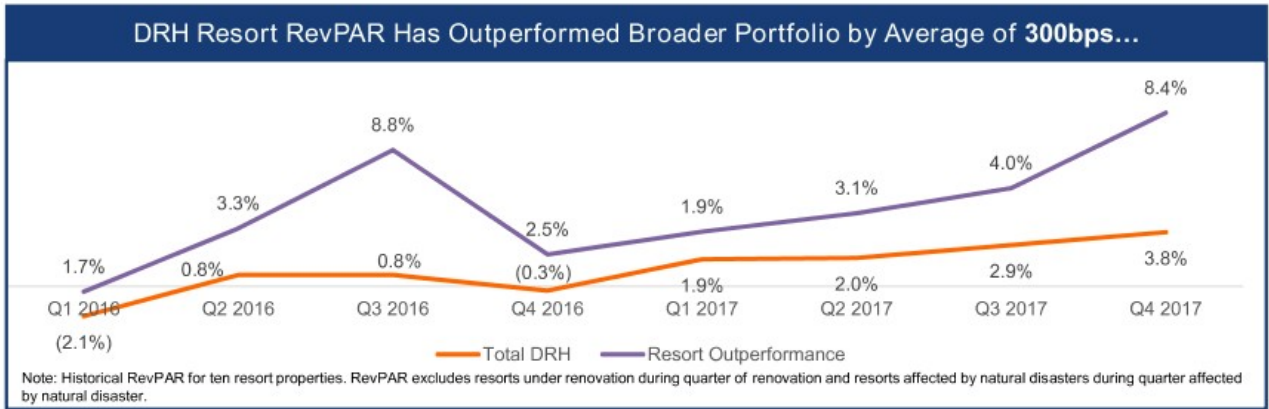
Charleston Renaissance



Hilton Vermont - Burlington



# DRH Resorts Have Proven Successful



Note: Historical RevPAR and EBITDA results pro forma for acquisitions for full period. Segmentation and RevPAR charts represent full-year 2017 data. Excludes resort affected by natural disasters.  
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# Strong Return on Investment

DRH's resort portfolio EBITDA multiple has improved approximately five turns since acquisition with over \$280M of NAV created.

	Investment (\$M)	EBITDA Multiple @		EBITDA Increase
		Purchase	YE 2017	\$M
Burlington Hilton	\$61.6	16.5x	8.9x	\$3.7
Charleston Renaissance	\$41.1	11.9x	7.8x <sup>(2)</sup>	\$2.0
Fort Lauderdale Westin	\$156.4	14.8x	9.7x	\$6.0
Key West Suites	\$94.4	14.9x	11.6x	\$1.8
The Landing Resort & Spa <sup>(1)</sup>	\$42.0	13.5x	10.4x	\$1.8
Sedona - L'Auberge	\$66.0	15.8x	10.8x	\$1.9
Sedona - Orchards Inn	\$31.0	13.7x	11.0x	\$0.5
Shorebreak	\$62.4	14.6x	14.8x <sup>(2)</sup>	\$0.2
Sonoma Renaissance	\$38.2	10.7x	7.1x <sup>(2)</sup>	\$2.4
Vail Marriott Mountain Resort	\$71.7	13.4x	5.9x	\$7.4
<b>Total Resort</b>	<b>\$664.9</b>	<b>14.2x</b>	<b>9.2x</b>	<b>\$27.9</b>

DRH values its resort portfolio at a 6.5% cap rate, which implies over \$280M of NAV value over investment.

Note: Historical RevPAR and EBITDA results pro forma for acquisitions for full period year prior to acquisition. Frenchman's Reef and Havana Cabana excluded due to natural disaster closure. Landing uses stabilized EBITDA as proxy for multiple.

(1) Landing uses stabilized EBITDA as proxy for multiple and EBITDA increase for current year given acquired in 2018.

(2) Renovation disruption in 2017.

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# Westin Fort Lauderdale Beach Resort & Spa

## Asset Overview

Location	Fort Lauderdale, FL
Rooms	432
Acquisition Date	December 4 <sup>th</sup> , 2014
Meeting Space (SF)	40,000
Operator	HEI Hotels
Purchase Price	\$149 million
Purchase price per key	\$344,000

- Increased NAV by \$44M
- Investment currently represents a 9.7x multiple on 2017 EBITDA and 9.6% NOI cap rate
  - Has exceeded underwriting by over \$5M in EBITDA to date
- Eliminated over \$5M of annual expenses in first year of ownership with continued asset management overhaul of expense structure and operations in subsequent years

## Performance Since Acquisition

	2014	2017	Increase
RevPAR	\$148.94	\$162.31	9.0%
EBITDA	\$9.6M	\$16.1M	68.0%
EBITDA Margin	21.9%	35.9%	1395bps
EBITDA Multiple <sup>(1)</sup>	14.8	9.7	53%
NAV <sup>(2)</sup>	\$156M	\$200M	28%



(1) EBITDA multiple on current investment basis.

(2) NAV based on internal estimates.

# 2018 Highlights







# 2018 DRH Key Market Drivers

Market (% of 2017 EBITDA)	2018 Outlook	DRH / Market Commentary:
Chicago (11%)		The Gwen to outperform off of renovation tailwinds; final phase of Chicago Marriott renovation completed in Q1. Strong Chicago citywide calendar in 2018 (+25%) → combined group pace up 13% for remainder of year.
Sedona (3%)		Sedona market to continue to be one of fastest-growing markets; significant AM upside.
Charleston (2%)		Completed 2017 rooms renovation to drive performance.
Huntington Beach (2%)		F&B and Lobby renovation yielding strong market share gains.
Sonoma (2%)		Outperformance from 2017 renovation tailwinds; recovery following wildfires.
Lake Tahoe (2%)		High-ADR, fast-growing resort market; EBITDA upside due to asset management initiatives.
Phoenix (2%)		High-growth, Western market with significant asset management upside.
San Francisco (1%)		Hotel Rex comprehensive renovation planned in 2018 with Viceroy in as new manager; Citywide performance to improve relative to 2017.
Boston (15%)		Strong transient demand; Seaport district continues to expand.
Ft. Lauderdale (6%)		Stabilization from 2017 challenges (Supply, Miami weakness due to convention center and Zika); guestroom renovation in 2018.
San Diego (5%)		Citywide Calendar up 9% in rooms.
Denver (5%)		Continuing to absorb high supply, but expect stabilization of Cherry Creek submarket. Courtyard Denver recently renovated lobby and meeting space.
Ft. Worth, TX (5%)		Planned meeting space renovation in 2018.
Washington, DC (5%)		Tough Q1 Comps due to Inauguration / Women's March.
New York City (10%)		NYC supply to peak in 2018 and stabilize thereafter; Waldorf-Astoria closure a catalyst for Midtown East. Lexington gaining market share with refocused rev. mgmt. and in beta program for new \$25 facility fee.



# Unique Drivers to Enhance NAV

## 1 Chicago Marriott

- \$110M renovation substantially completed
- Scope included 1,200 guestrooms and all 60K SF of meeting space
- Post-renovation group pace +12%

## 2 Havana Cabana Key West

- Comprehensive renovation post-hurricane damage
- Reopened April 2019
- Refreshed theme and identity
- Stabilized EBITDA to increase by \$1M

## 3 Vail Marriott

- Comprehensive 2018 renovation of hotel's guestrooms and meeting space following ski season
- Reno to luxury standard; currently \$175 ADR gap with luxury comp set
- Every incremental \$1 of rate yields ~\$30K in annual EBITDA profit

## 4 Westin Fort Lauderdale

- 2018 guestroom upgrade
- Opened popular, new restaurant Lona
- Elevated product to drive market share

## 5 Hotel Rex San Francisco

- Boutique hotel in heart of Union Square will close for last four months of 2018 to position for big 2019
- Relaunch as Viceroy hotel
- \$1.2M in incremental EBITDA post-renovation on \$9M renovation

## 6 JW Marriott Denver

- Renovating hotel's guestrooms, public space, and meeting space
- Cements position as the high-end hotel in Cherry Creek district
- New restaurant / bar area to drive ROI
- \$750K EBITDA upside following renovation from F&B repositioning



Havana Cabana Key West



Westin Fort Lauderdale Beach Resort



# Frenchman's Reef Update

- Iconic location in Virgin Islands
- Strong historical performance
- 2017 forecast of \$16.7M EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>
- 2018 pre-hurricane budget of \$19.6M EBITDA
- Impacted by hurricanes in September 2017
  - Closed through at least 2019
  - Remediation and stabilization ongoing
- Covered under \$361M Insurance Policy<sup>(2)</sup>
- Currently negotiating with insurance companies
  - 2018 Guidance includes \$20M of business interruption for all natural disaster impacted hotels
  - Insurance entitles DRH to business interruption compensation until re-opened
  - If rebuilt, unique opportunity to create one of the most popular Caribbean resorts
- DRH recently exercised its right to terminate Marriott at Frenchman's Reef and unencumber hotel



(1) Based on pre-hurricane forecast as of July 2017.

(2) \$361M insurance coverage per event.



# Intense Asset Management





# Focus Asset Management Areas

Labor Management	Energy	Food Cost
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Working with third-party to reduce labor expenses and improve productivity</li><li>• Study historical productivity and benchmark against other comparable hotels</li><li>• Complete new staffing standards and implement new labor management system to maximize efficiency</li><li>• Range of potential expense savings:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Boston Westin (\$421K - \$673K)</li><li>- Lexington (\$626K - \$965K)</li><li>- Chicago Marriott (\$352 - \$761K)</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Conducting comprehensive hands-on energy efficiency audits throughout the portfolio<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Direct bidding with energy suppliers and LED lighting conversions</li></ul></li><li>• \$1.3M of annual cost savings identified across 17 hotels</li><li>• 53% IRR and two-year payback</li><li>• Energy reduction of up to 78% for the least efficient assets</li><li>• Case Study: Worthington Renaissance LED conversion<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Estimated First Year Electric Savings: \$183K (22%)</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Opportunities for food cost savings through purchasing management and operational optimization<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Invoice Monitoring</li><li>- Menu Pricing / Menu Reengineering</li><li>- Annual Operating Audits</li><li>- Specs vs Brand</li><li>- Compliance Metrics</li><li>- Labor Productivity Improvement</li></ul></li><li>• 150bps of F&amp;B margin improvement would yield \$1.7M in savings</li></ul>

# Fortress Balance Sheet





# Fortress Balance Sheet

## CONSERVATIVE BALANCE SHEET STRATEGY

- Completed 2017 financing program in 1H17 with 5-year \$200M term loan
- \$300M Line of Credit with no outstanding borrowings
- \$69 million unrestricted cash at 3/31/18
- PF 2018 Net Debt to EBITDA of 3.4x
- Weighted average debt maturity of 5 years with 4.0% weighted average interest rate

## LEVERAGE AT LOW END OF PEER GROUP



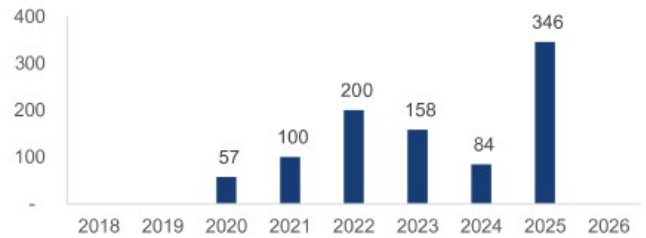
Source: Baird, 2018F Net Debt plus preferred / EBITDA.

## 22 UNENCUMBERED HOTELS

Unencumbered Pool	
Hilton Boston	
The Gwen	
Vail Marriott	
Courtyard Denver	
Hotel Rex San Francisco	
Hilton Vermont - Burlington	
Alpharetta Marriott	
Charleston Renaissance	
Bethesda Marriott Suites	
HGI Times Square	
Havana Cabana	
Key West Suites	
Westin Fort Lauderdale	
Shorebreak Hotel	
8 Encumbered Hotels	
Boston Westin	
Courtyard Midtown East	
Salt Lake City Marriott	
Westin Washington, DC	
Sonoma Renaissance	
Westin San Diego	
Worthington Renaissance	
JW Marriott Cherry Creek	
Unencumbered Pool (cont'd)	
Frenchman's Reef Marriott	
Chicago Marriott	
Courtyard 5th Avenue	
L'Auberge de Sedona	
Orchards Inn	
Lexington Hotel	
The Landing Resort & Spa	
Hotel Palomar Phoenix	

22 UNENCUMBERED HOTELS (~\$185M in 2017 Hotel Adj. EBITDA)

## WELL-LADDERED DEBT MATURITIES (\$M)





## Key Takeaways

- ✓ Top-Tier Portfolio as Measured by Quality and Growth
- ✓ Trading at Significant Discount to Peers, **Replacement Cost, and Company's NAV Est.**
- ✓ Internal Growth Enhanced by Significant Investment in Portfolio over Last Five Years (\$500M)
- ✓ Many Strategic Repositionings Recently Completed and More Potential ROI Opportunities Ahead
- ✓ Opportunistic Balance Sheet Capacity



L'Auberge de Sedona



The Gwen Chicago



Key West Suites





# Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements made during this presentation are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements generally include the words “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “plan,” “estimate,” “project,” “will,” “intend” or other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding, industry outlook, results of operations, cash flows, business strategies, growth and value opportunities, capital and other expenditures, financing plans, expense reduction initiatives and projected dispositions.

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